## **NEW MONETARY CONFERENCE**

Sir William Harcourt Deems the Effort Futile.

A STRONG WHIP TO BE ISSUED.

The Presence of Members From Every Sec. tion Desired in the House of Commons Next Tuesday-Plans to Meet Distress,

(Special Cable Letter.)

LONDON, Feb. 2.—Sir William Har-court has been privately approached by several Liberals of bimetalile tendences in regard to the calling of a new mone-tary conference, and has intimated that his opinion, that matter. He is of that another conference would be as futile as the last was, and is not disposed to countenance any such action. Despite this discouragement, however, the Farliamentary committee of the Bimetallic League held a meeting yester-day, and decided to issue a strong whip, embracing members of every section, in-viting their presence in the House on the occasion of the introduction of Mr. Everett's motion next Tuesday. The motion, of which notice was given on Wednesday, has been modified in the meantime, and

now runs as follows: Resolved, That the House regards with Resulved, that the House regards will increasing apprehension the growing divergence between the values of gold and silver, and heartily concurs in the recent expression of opinion of the dovernments of France and Germany in regard to the serious evils arising therefrom. The Market Merchant when the Government House, therefore, urges the Government to co-operate with the powers in the call-ing of an international conference.

If Mr. Balfour has sufficiently recovered to enable him to resume his seat in the House he will support the motion, The bimetallists do not hope to be able debate and the division thereon election factors in the league's propaganda to which the sum of fig.00 has aircady been which the sum of leaves have a recognitive subscribed. The result has been the wholesale adhesion to bimetallism of a number of populous centres, which have hitherto either opposed the system or remained neutral. Bimetallism is not remained neutral. Inhectation is not a subject upon which the sluggish minds of the British populace can be induced to understand that their interests are affected, but business men everywhere are more moved in the matter than they have been at any period, and are re-ported to be joining the ranks of the bimetallists in great numbers. The Cabinet is solidly monometallic, but if Germany initiates an international conerence England will send delegates to Berlin. In the meantime, there is a prowing conviction in the minds of the

sist attacks upon the London monopolies and city boodleism have shown plainer than ever that the Conservatives are the than ever that the Conservatives are the defenders of vested interests, however obnexious they may, be to the people. Yesterday the County Council applied to Parliament for, and obtained through the Liberal vete, power to acquire the prop-erry of certain water companies, which supplying part of the metropolis with water. The distinctive feature of the bills was that they gave the Council the right to acquire first and to subsequently submit to arbitration, the question of price if the parties should disagree therespoltation, because the companies were not allowed to refuse to sell, unless upown terms, an old plant, whose held at an enormously inflated give London a water-supply administra-tion by the County Council at moderate rates. The re-modeling of the water system will be an imense operation, cost-

ing many millions of pounds.

FRICHTENID CONFORMATIONS.

The schume of completing the unification of London by the absorption of the city has greatly frightened the rotten corporations called livery companies. The Progressis in the County Council are about to petition to the Government to give immediate effect to this reform. The debate in the school board hast Thursday elicited wholesale demunciation of the city companies which are plundering the city of funds which ought to be devated to education. This discussion partially disclosed how the money was spent. Out of a great income of 800,000 pounds a year the bulk is expended in the administration of sinccure posts, involving the payment of enermous salaries to useless offiment of enormous salaries to useless of cials, and upwards of 100,000 pounds year is spent in eating and drinking. The Cor servatives on the board defended th system as time-bonored, and protest against any change. It is known that it boards of the various city companies a boodle when it has been distributed.

The House of Commons' committee charge of matters affecting the une played, was addressed to-day by Comoner Kier Hardle, who hald down

IMPORTANT MARITIME NEWS.

New Rules of the Sta Fostponed .. Our Shirs

New Rules of the Sea Postponed.-Dur Ships in Danger.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23.—The President has signed the joint resolution of Congress, postponling the new rules of the sea, which, according to the Presidential proclamation, should have gone into effect March 1st. A new proclamation is expected to-morrow, and every effort will be made by wide publicity to warn American seamen that the new regulations, which have been generally circulated, are to be knored. It will be necessary for the naval departments to send cablegrams to several war-ships to prevent them from putting the new code into operation March 1st. The cruiser Chicago, which arrived at Gibraltar to-day, will be at sea, bound for New York, on that date, and, unless warned in time, would be exposed to great danger in approaching the United States' coast with the discarded signals. The Philadelphia at Honolulu must be notified, as well as Admiral Meade's squadron in the West Indies. All this trouble is caused by Great Britain's failure at the last moment to carry into this trouble is caused by Great Britain's failure at the last moment to carry into effect these rules, which were adopted by the Maritime Conference in Washington in 1889, upon motion of the English dele-

ASSOCIATED BANK STATEMENT.

A Decrease in Loans, Specie and Deposite new YORK, Feb. 23.—The New York Pinancier says this week: The statement of the associated banks leans, a decrease of \$6,986,000 in specie, an increase of \$2,576,600 in legal tenders, and a decrease of \$3,674,800 in deposits. As a result of the week's operations outlined above the reserve decreased \$3,690,700.

above the reserve decreased \$3,680,700.

The statement contains no important features, except to show that the excess of money in the banks has been reduced in a round sum, the operations of the Morgan-Belmont syndicate being responsible for this. In fact, the entire week's business was affected more or less through the payment of specie into the sub-Treasury for the new bond issue.

The specie decrease is less than seven million dollars, although twice that sum has been taken from the New York banks to pay for the new bonds, but, as several of the larger banks are Government depositories, a portion of the gold has been

to pay for the new bonds, but, as several of the larger banks are Government depositories, a portion of the gold has been returned to them for deposit in their vaults. The legal tender increase is logical, as some gold turned over has been paid for in paper currency. The banks also gained over two million dollars through the interior movement last week, but lost four million to the sub-Treasury, chiefly in gold. The heavy decrease in chiefly in gold. The heavy decrease in deposits represents money withdrawn for the most part to complete the bond for the most part to complete the bond operation, and the slight contraction in loans can be accounted for only on the ground that the banks have been alling in outstanding paper daily as the arket gave signs of advancing. The deposits of gold in national banks, pending the final settlement of the bond loan, while it will give the specie item a more respectable. give the specie item a more respectable volume, will also keep the reserve up, and, in the opinion of conservative bankers, operate against any quick advance in money rates.

BATTLE OF SHILOH SURVIVORS.

Orders From General Gordon Concerning

Orders From General Gerdon Concerning
Reunion of Old Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23.—Headquarters United Confederate Veterans,
General Orders, No. 123: The attention of
the survivors of the battle of Shiloh and
of all Confederate veterans is called to the following:
The Government having passed a bill

for the purchase of the historic site of the memorable battle of Shiloh, and to make of it a great national memorial p. ik, the survivors of that great con-dict, both the Blue and the Gray, will meet on the old battlefield on April 5th, 6th, and 7th, next, to hold their annual reunion and to mark the various positions held by both armies during the great battle of April 6th and 7th, 1862. The Shiloh battlefield association is com

posed of the lilue and Gray, and a cor-dial invitation is extended through these headquarters to all Confederate soldiers and their friends to meet in remion on that occasion. There were Confederate traces in that battle from eleven States, and seven regiments of cavalry, under com and of General Albert Sydney Johnsten, General G. T. Beauregard, Braxton, Bragg, Leonidas Polk, W. J. Hardee, John C. Breckinglige, and others. The Bragg, Leonidas Polk, W. J. Hardee, John C. Breckinrilge, and others, The urvivers of these commands are requested, by the arsistant secretary of the Shiloh Battlefield Association, Captain James Williams, of Savannah, Tenn., a Confederate officer, to send him their names, post-office address and the comnames, post-office address and the com-pany and regiment they served with at that great battle, while Colonel E. T. Lee, secretary of the association, a Fed-eral officer, has requested all those who were the Rine at that battle to send him their names, post-office address, company and regiment to Monticello. ill.

and regiment, to Monticello, ill.

By order of J. B. GORDON, General Commanding, GEO, MORGAN, Adj't-Gen, and Chief of Staff,

Excitement in Wail trect.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The Morgan-Belmont syndicate deposited \$30,000 gold at the sub-treasury this morning, and asked for a receipt, without stating whether the gold was to pay for bonds or to be exchanged eventually for legal ten-There was much suppressed excitebanks and speculators. A member of the syndicate states that it has been considered expedient to allot about oneand thus be of no avail as an effectual check to held exports. The small in-vestors, who subscribed for two, three and five thousand dollars, will receive the preference in the allotment, as it is the desire of Messrs, Morgan and Belmont that the bonds shall lodge us far as pos-sible in the hands of the genuine invest ors, who will take them permanently

Spinners' and Weavers' Affairs. FALL RIVER, MASS. Feb. 23.—Secretary Howard, of the Splinners' Union, in receipt of a letter from the president of the Federated Trades, of Atlanta, Ga. asking for all data concerning the organ-ization of the Spinners' Union in this city, and for further correspondence as how pest to proceed in the organizing of cot-on mill operatives in the South. Secretary Waltehead, of the Weavers'

Union, says that at a meeting of the five manufacturers and five representatives of the operatives, held in Boston yesterday the operatives, held in Boston yesterday, it was agreed to submit a weavers' particulars law, to take the place of the law now on the statute books. It provides for the particularizing of the length, reed, pick and style of goods being woven, and is satisfactory to manufacturers and operatives. The secretary also states that the local Weavers' Union has decided to send a delegation of weavers to meet like members from New Belfford, for the purmembers from New Bedford, for the pur-pose of organizing a State Weavers'

Female College Bestroyed.

PITTSBURG, PA., Feb. 23.—The Beaver, Female College, located at Beaver, Pa., was destroyed by fire at 7 o'clock this morning. The students all escaped safely. The fire was first discovered in an attic immediately above the class oms and the college hall, and is soposed to have originated from a defective fluc. At 9 o'cicck the building was a com-plete wreck. The students saved all of their effects, and much of the college equipment was also safely removed. The ire departments from Beaver Falls and New Brighton went to the assistance of the Beaver department, but on account o frozen water pipes and piugs nothing could be done to save the structure. The value of the property destroyed has not

Treasury Pepartment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23.—Up to and including to-day the Treasury Department has received \$29,675,705 in gold on deposit, on account of the Belmont-Morgan bond purchase, has issued \$28,422,774 in certificates for the same, and has carried to the gold reserve \$29,339,289.

The Treasury interest payments on ac-

the fiscal year to date.

Missionaries Rescued,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23.—Secretary Herbert has received the following cablegram: Chee-Foo, February 22.—The Yorktown arrived yesterday, after having

rescued thirteen missionaries.
(Signed)
CARPENTER.
The Yorktown has been on the south coast of Shantung Promontory, having been ordered there by Admiral Carpenter for the purpose of refidering an asylum to the Americans driven to the coast durant coast. of this city for the week ending Feb-ruary 23d shows a decrease of \$766,000 in tion of Wel-Hai-Wel.

PASSENGER TRAIN WRECKED.

One Man Killed Instantly and Thirty More or Less Cut and Injured

RUNNING FIFTY MILES AN HOUR.

En Route to New Orleans Via the Louis. ville and Nashville Railroad-More Than Three Hundred Passengers Aboard-List of Killed and Injured.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Feb. 23.—Pas-senger train, No. 1, for New Orleans, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, was wyecked by being derailed two miles below Greenville, Ala., and forty-seven miles south of Montgomery, at 9:30 o'clock this morning. The train was going about fifty miles an hour, when the rails spread and the tender of the engine jumped the track, and the combination matt, baggage and express car, smoking car and two passenger cars were thrown over the fifpassenger cars were thrown over the fif-teen-foot perpendicular embankment and ploughed into the mud, the scene of the accident being in a swamp. The first Pullman sleeper left the rails, while two other sleepers and a private car of the Chicago and Alton railroad, with officials on board, remained on the track. Engineer Campbell and his fireman re-mained at their posts, the engine jerking

Engineer Campbell and his fireman remained at their posts, the engine jerking loose from the tender and escaping damage. The mail clerk, baggage master and expressman all made marvelous escapes, receiving but slight brulses. Conductor Keeler got out uninjured. C. B. Walsh, of Birmingham, Ala, thought to have been a barber, was killed instantly. He was generaling a front seat in the first was occupying a front seat in the first passenger coach, when it crashed into the smoking car, and was thrown forward against the toilet room, breaking his

SOME OF THOSE WHO WERE INJURED. Those Injured were: G. P. Armstrong, of Buffalo, N. Y., left shoulder and arm broken; cut and bruised about the face

Mrs. G. W. Moody, of Shelbyville, Tenn. Mrs. G. W. Moody, of Shelbyville, Tenn, jaw broken and cut on left ankle, and foot sprained. Her little daughter Margaret, sustained a few bruises. Mrs. Armstrong and Mrs. Moody are now in Greenville, Ala., at a hotel, where they are receiving medical attendance.

W. H. Johnson, Newcastle, Ind.; seriously hurt in the back and groin; carried to Mobile.

arts. W. H. Strained.

Arts. S. J. Wisdon, Montgomery, Ala.,
face and head cut; left leg sprained; possibly injured internally.

Arts. W. H. Schoolcraft, Montgomery,

Mrs. W. H. Schoolcraft, Montgomery,
Ala., head cut and right hand mangled.
C. R. Johnson, a travelling man, of
Toledo, O., hip cut and arm lacerated.
There were more than 22 passengers
aboard, and of that number at least thirty were more or less injured, very slight,
cuts and bruises being the extent of damages done those whose names are not given. The mail and baggage cars, three

coaches, and two Pullman sleepers were burned. One sleeper and the Chicago and Alton private car escaped the fire, which originated from the stoves of the coaches, EXCITEMENT IN MONTGOMERY. All sorts of exaggerated reports of the wreck were received here this morning, and as there were twenty-odd Montgomery people on the train the excitement around the depot and telegraph offices, where large crowds had gathered, was intense. At 19:20 o'clock a relief train left here, bearing seven physicians and offi-

train returned at 5 o'clock this even-ing. The track has not yet been cleared, but travel is going forward as usual. The mail destroyed was from Mont-gomery, Birmingham, Nashville, Louis-ville, Cincinnati, Chicago, and the West.

THE REMAINS OF FRED, DOUGLASS. To Lie in State in the City Hall of New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—A delegation of colored men, who said that they voiced the sentiments of the entire colored population of the city, called at the City Hall to-day shortly before noon to ask that the remains of Fred. Douglass be allowed to lie in State next Tuesday.

They asked that the body of their dead leader be allowed to rest on a catafalque in the Governor's room in the City Hall, so that the colored people and others could view the remains before interment. The delegation consists of William R. Davis, chairman; S. J. Stockley, Plerre Hargue, Waverly E. Scott and Rev. Granville Hunt. A delegation has been apposited to go to Washington and represent the New York colored people at the funeral.

Mayor Strong sent word granting per-nission for the body of Fred. Douglass to e in state at the City Hall on Tues

ECONOMIC AND STATISTIC IDEAS. Foreign Criticism on the New United States

Loan. LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Economist, is an article on the new United States loan

an article on the new United States loan, says;
"If the United States Government had appealed to the investors direct they would have realized, to their own advantage, something of the high price which the loan obtains. It would appear that Mr. Cleveland underrated the credit of the United States, but it will be his duty, nevertheless, to summon a session of the new Congress as speedily as possible."

The Statist says: "If the new Congress does not pass requisite measures another loan equalling this one will be necessary before the end of the year, and possibly there may be still larger bor-rowing in 1896."

THE MADGE TORKE MURDER,

Witnesses Secretly Examined No Addition al Light\_Gentry's Condition.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Feb. 23.-Miss Lada Clarke, the only witness to the mur-der of Madge Yorke, and Edward Magee, a member of the "Baggage Check" company, of whose attentions to Madge Yorke Gentry is said to have been jealous, were secretly examined to-day by Coroner Ash-bridge and several other efficials. The statements of Miss Clarke shed no ad-ditional light on the case, and Magee dis-claimed all direct knowledge of the shoot-The Treasury interest payments on account of recent bond issues and the old bond issues up to date aggregate this fisbond issues up to date aggregate this had, and the sworn statements of allow cal year \$23,000,000, or about 11 per cent. of the total receipts of the Government for the fiscal year to date.

Clarke and Mages were taken at this time so that they can be used as evidence when the formal inquest shall be held At 2 P. M. the doctors said Gentry's condition was unchanged.

The Steamship Howes Ashore.

NEW ORLEANS, LA, Feb. 23.—The Southern Pacific railroad received a ca-blegram this morning, saying that the Morgan line ship Hewes is ashore on the Colorado Reefs. The company expects that the vessel will be able to get off. The Hewes is one of the oldest vessels that comprise the fleet. She is a side-wheeler and was built at Wilmington in 1860 and has been in commission ever since. Her tonnage is twelve hun-

dred net. She is commanded by Captain THE AGRARIANS' CAUSE.

Cargo. The vessel left New Orleans the list in instant, bound for Binefields with a crew of thirty and a passenger list of fifteen. The steamship Whitney has been of the condered from Havana and the steamship Morgan from here to the relief of the distressed ship.

THE AGRARIANS' CAUSE.

Claiming to have been damaged to that extent by the action of the road. The filling of the damage suits caused the Southern to call a halt in the work of creeting new shops here on the old site and enlarging the present ones to three times their present capacity. This brought the issue to a climax with the working-men, and they neld as the comment which is Exciting Keen Inter.

Comment which is Exciting Keen Inter.

SENSATION DEVELOPED. In the Gubernatorial Election Investiga-

NASHVILLE, TENN., Feb. 23.-The investigation of the gubernatorial election developed a sensation this morning. Last night the committee completed its list of counties to be investigated, and omitof counties to be investigated, and omit-ted from the list a number in which Mr. Evans alleged fraud in the election. His protests against this omission was to be heard by the committee this morning. When the hour for the committee meet-ing came, only two of the Democratic members were present. The other mem-bers had left town, it was said. Those two got out of the way before the orbers had left town, the way before the or-two got out of the way before the or-der could be called, and the meeting was broken up on account of the lack of a quorum. The report was given the local press for publication, but it is not on record with the committee papers, and will probably not be got before the Legislature. The committee will leave here in three sections to-night, going to the three grand divisions of the State to begin the work of investigation next

FAILED IN THIS CASE,

An Effort Made to Place His Body in the National Rotunda.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22.—Representative Murray, of South Carolina, the only colored member of the House, endeavored unsuccessfully to-day to secure favorable action on a resolution permitting the remains of the late Fred. Doug-lass to lie in state to-morrow in the ro-tunda of the Capitol. The matter was brought to the attention of Speaker Crisp too late to be presented to the House be-fore the execution of the special order, the delivery of culogies on the late Zeb. sire to present the motion earlier in the day, he would have given him an oppor-tunity to offer it for the action of the

The Successful Bidders.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The allotment of the new United States' four per cents, was completed to-day, and at 3 o'clock letters were mailed to the successful bidders. Mr. J. Pierpout Morgan stated that the subscriptions in London, according to his advices, amounted to \$550,000,000, which, with the \$200,000,000 subscriptions here, make the total \$750,000,000. The loan was consequently thirteen times over-sub-scribed.

Continues a Problem.

SALEM, ORE., Feo. 21.—The renatorial situation remains unsettled, notwith-standing the hopes of settlement that were raised last night by the defection of were raised last night by the detection of two votes from Senator Doch. The com-bined opposition to Mr. Dolph at once went into caucus, but, after a prolong-ed and heated session, adjourned at 3 o'clock this morning without being able to agree on a compromise candi-date. This leaves the senatorial succes-sion as much a problem as ever. sion as much a problem as ever.

Recovered a Schooner's Crew.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.-A dispatch reeived at the Mariji e Exchange this acroing from Bernada states that the teamer Trinidad, which arrived there reports having passed schooner having on board the crew of schooner John M. Moore. The schooner John M. Moore, Captain Doughty, sailed vesterday, from Brunswick, Ga., for Philadelphia January 30th.

Associated Bank Statement NEW YORK, Feb. 23.-The we

statement of the associated banks shows statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, \$3,699,700; loans, de-crease, \$765,700; specie, decrease, \$6,986,000; legal tenders, increase, \$2,376,600; deposits, decrease, \$3,674,800; circulation, increase 5287,300. The banks now hold \$29,822,725 in ccess of the requirements of the 25 per

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The chief onstructor of the navy has reported to the department that the Fish Commis-sion Albatross is unseaworthy, and has advised that it will be dan patrol this year, without extensive re-patrol this year, without extensive re-pairs, which the navy cannot undertake, as the vessel belongs to another branch of the Government.

Verdict of Not Guitv.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Feb. 23.—The rial of E. M. Hoey and his two sons, or killing J. B. Cocke some years ago t Marion, Ala., terminated to-day in a erdict of "not guilty." This case has used much interest from the prominence master, while the defendants were all rominent citizens of the community.

The Howgate Jury Hung.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.-After being of forty-five hours the Howgate jury out forty-five hours the Howgate July reported this morning by note to Judge McComas that they were hopelessly divided, and there was no probability of agreement. The judge informed the Jury that court would remain in session and await further developments. The jury is

Ki led by a Fall.

Killed by a Fall.

BELLEVUE, O., Feb. 23.—The staging used in erecting the water works' standpipe gave way at a height of sixty feet, precipitating two workmen to the ground. One man, named Conley, had his skull crushed, killing him instantly. The other escaped without fatal injury. Conley is a stranger. He came from Pennsylvania and went to work yesterday.

The Delaware Peadlock. DOVER, DEL., Feb. 23.—The General Assembly had one ballot on the senatorial puestion to-day. Very little interest was aken, and the ballot resulted: Higgins Rep.), 7; Addicks (Rep.), 5; Massey (Rep.), 3; Wolcott (Dem.), 6; Causey (Dem.), 1; Bayard (Dem.), 1; Daily (Dem.), Tunnell (Dem.), 1. Absent, 5.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 23.—The steamer Unbria, from New York, February 16th, arrived at 5:20 this mornins. On February 22d, in latitude 51 north, longitude 15 west, she passed the British steamer Assaye, from New Orleans, February 2d, for Liverpool, having in tow the German bark

Estimates for Cruisers Voted.

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—The budget committee of the Reichstag has voted the estimates for four new armored cruisers.

A meeting of trades' unions delegates to-day decided to celebrate May-Day, and recommended a general cessation of work on that day.

est\_The New Tobacco Tax Bill\_Council of State-The American Colony.

BERLIN, Feb. 23 .- The Agrarians and their friends, the silver men, are not in such high spirits as at the beginning of the week. At the mass-meeting Monday, when some 19,000 members of the Farmers' League acclaimed Herr Ploetz's prediction of speedy triumph, their hopes were unlimited. They prophesied freely a new era of high tariffs, free silver and grain mo-nopoly. They expected an immediate re-sponse from the Government, and have been much chagrined by the apparent indifference of the ministers to their de-monstration.

The Government has not taken any steps to realize the expectations of the bimetallists regarding an international monetary conference. Dr. Von Boettich-er's speech to the General Assembly of the German Chamber of Commerce yes-terday was the sole official utterance on the subject, and it contained nothing satisfactory to the Agrarians, except the admission that German agriculture was depressed. Boetticher, in fact, made a strong defence of Count Von Caprivi's reciprocity treaties, which are the special abomination of the Farmers' League. He said: "Let anybody who regards the commercial treaties as a failure think for a moment what would have become of our industries without this reciprocity policy. The treaties have not been the cause of the agricultural distress. It is a mistake to hold them responsible for it.

This explicit utterance is in such bold contrast to Chancellor Prince lohe's formal declarations and Freihers Von Hammerstein-Loxtein's speeches, that it has given rise to reports of dissensions in the Cabinet. These dissension said to have imperilled the position of Herr Von Koeller and Von Hammer stein, and to have rendered both some-what more cautious in their espousal of

Chancellor Prince Hohenlohe is understood to side with Boetticher, who, with his usual pliancy, is fitting his uttorances to the Emperor's opinions. The newspa-pers, who take their cue from the Chancellory, begin to condemn the fervor of the Agrarian agitation. The Nord Deutsch Algemein Zeitung wants the leaders of the Farmers' League to abate their demands and cease acting as if their cause were already triumphant. Otherwise, says the wilter, the members will simply place weapons in the hards of their enemies waile surrounding their friends with new difficulties. The Kocinische Zeitung ex-presses confidence that Prince Hobenlohe will not allow a few Agrarian politicians, a group of land-owners whose every acre is mortgaged, and the attendant crowd is mortgaged, and the attendant crowd of political adventurers to block the course of German prosperity and disquiet the country. The writer then cuts to the core of the present situation, when he asks: "Will the group led by Herr Von Koeller and Dr. Miquel now play against Prince Hohenlohe the same part that Count Botho Zuellenburg and Dr. Miquel played against Count You Caprivi, in the played against Count Von Caprivi, in the

ministerial circle?"

This query is exciting the keenest interest. It is believed that the Emperor, in his interference with Prince Hohenlohe yesierday, decided now far he would go to satisfy the Agrarians and exclude from the possibility of acceptance Count Kanilz's proposals for state monopoly or regu-

THE TORACCO TAX BILL. In the commission of twenty-eight, ap-pointed by the Reichstag to consider the tobacco tax bill, the Clericals will have the balance of power in every important vote. The party, however, is entirely split on the issue, local interest causing different members to fight one another with all the energy of life-long opporents.

The Bavarians favor the new tax, white others are so hostile to it that even the consent of the Government to re-admit the Jesuits would not suffice to reconcile them to it. The unpopularity of the ta: throughout the country is beyond doubt Protests against it are coming in from all quarters of the Empire. The West-phalian manufacturers say that if the bill be passed they must discharge at once more than 20,000 tobacco workers. The Prussian ministers decided in ccuncil yesterday to summon the Council of State to meet about March 2d, unde the active presidency of the Emperor The sessions will be open. The mat business will concern the agricultural de

Washington's birthday was celebrated generally in the American colony. Ambas-sador and Mrs. Runyon received hosts of guests between 3 and 4 P. M.

Visitors from Dresden and Leipsic were present. Mrs. Runyon and her daughters were almost exhausted by the rush of Large orders for the new United States bonds were sent to London from Berlin and Frankfort. The closing of the list two hours after the opening excluded most of the German applicants. Strong dissatis-faction is felt on the German bourses

because more of the bonds were not pro cured here. Prince Bismarck has recovered from his neuralgia, and is in vigorous health and spirits, and taking a keen interest in

the preparations for his birthday cele-bration. Cardinal Kopp has issued a pastoral letter concerning women's rights and the agitation in favor of equal political priv-

ileges for all. He says:
"It is against the order of the work that the emancipation of woman should mean her absolute equality with man. God's will is that woman should be help-mate. She is bodily unit for man's work, and her emancipation, to the end that she might work side by side with man, would mean the deterioration of the Christianity that freed her from slavery and made he social equal. Unrestricted equality would mean woman's ruin."

STEAMER BLBE'S TRRASURB, Expert Divers to Attempt Recovery\_The

Sea Still Stormy. LONDON, Feb. 23.-The Obesiver to morrow will print a dispatch from its Berlin correspondent saying that the North German-Lloyd Company had employed three German, three English and two French divers, all of whom are experts, to examine the wrecked steamer Elbe and attempt to recover the postal properties, which are valued at 18,000 pounds. The work will occupy about eight days. Each diver will sign a con-tract to descend nine times daily, and will receive twenty marks for each de-scent. The sum of ten thousand marks has been allotted as prizes for important

AN INDIGNATION MEETING.

recoveries. The sea is as yet too stormy

Railroad Employes Protest Against Prop.

Railroad Employ-s Protest Against Property Owners Action.

ATLANTA, GA., Feb. 22.—There was a meeting to-night in this city of the operatives, mechanics, carpenters and painters employed by the Southern Railway in the Atlanta shops, to express their indignation at the action of the fifty-odd property-owners in the neighborhood of the shops who are bringing suits against the Southern for obstructing the streets by enclosing the shops. The suits run up to about \$100,000, the property-owners

ing. They claim that the shops have been of benefit to the property owners, instead of an injury, and it appears that many of the workmen are tenants of the property-owners who are suing for damages, paying monthly rental for the lots. ages, paying monthly rental for the lots and houses. At the meeting to-night they determined to cease renting from those property-holders who are suing the road. They also appointed a comthe road. They also appointed a com-mittee to secure the co-operation of the Chamber of Commerce and the City Council, to induce the property-owners to withdraw the suits against the road. Much enthusiasm prevailed at the meeting.

TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY.

American and British Subjects Granted

This Privilere by the Military.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. Feb. 23.—Correspondence of the United Press, per Steamer Gaelic.—Honolulu, Feb. 17.—The following persons under arrest have accepted the privilege of leaving the country in preference to standing trial before the military committee, and have been released on their own recognizance in crider to settle their affairs: F. Wunderburg British, business man; John C. White, British, machinist; George Rittman, British, machinist; John Radon, British, hackman; James Brown, British, hackman; F. H. Reward, British, builder; Fred. Harrison, British, builder; British, lawyer; Charles Creighton, British, lawyer; Edmund Norrie, a Dame, edlor of the Holumar Lewis T. Levy, British, auctioneer; M. C. Bailey, clerk for Levy, Captain A. McDowell, Arthur White, and two Greeks named Carriane and Camarinos.

V. V. Ashford, a Canadian, was sentenced on the lith to one year's imprisonment and \$1,000 fine. On account of ill health the hard labor was remitted. This Privilege by the Military.

IUSH-AMERICAN SENTENCED.

John S. Bowler, an Irish-American, was sentenced on the 16th to five years' Imprisonment and \$5,000 ine. Bowler undergook for Nowlein to take possession of the telephone station.

No other leading insurgents have yet received their final sentences. All statements to the contrary have been erroneous.

received their final sentences. All statements to the contrary have been erroneous.

About seventy natives and half-whites have been tried, the majority for treason. It is certain that hearly all have been convicted. Twenty-chirec only of these have been publicly sentenced—four for ten years, two for eight, one for seven and sixteen for five years. Twenty-fue natives were arraigned yesterday. John F. Colburn, of Liliuokaiani's late Cabinet, has written to Minister Thurston to the effect that he is disgusted with the Queen's course, and is working hard with the natives for amexation. He urges Thurston to forward it by every possible means. The disclosures from the Queen's diary, published in San Francisco and republished here yesterday, about Rudolph Spreckels, were not new to the Honolulu people. They are genuine extracts. All the sentences of imprisonment for the insurgents, as is well understood, are open to much reduction in the future, and may even be subject to a general amnesty whenever the condition of the Republic shall be favorable either as to the result of annexation or otherwise.

SINTENCES IN CONFIDENCE.

In an interview with the United Press reporter last evening President Dole stated that United States Minister Willis and British Commissioner Hawes had been given in confidence the sentences passed by the military commissions on the citizens of their respective countries. Mr. Willis reported that the communication to his Government of the death sentences of Gulick and Seward was a correct statement. These sentences have not yet been reviewed by the commander-in-chief. It is the President's intention next week to summon the Advisory Council for the purpose of advising upon these sentences. Action has been post-poned until all leading citizens have been tried. It was the desire of the Government to inflict no heavier penalty than was absolutely necessary to public secutive. A further reason for the delay was to await the expression of public sentiment abroad. The President declined to infigurate what course would be taken SENTENCES IN CONFIDENCE,

was to await the expression of public sentiment abroad. The President declined to intimate what course would be taken with the ex-Queen.

Volunteer military companies are keeping up their drill and equipment to the highest point. Citizens' guards are constantly improving their organization. There is no sense of permanent security. As is now under the conditions, the general voices of the citizens for some examples of severity upon the men who have caused this insecurity.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23.-The Paymaster-General of the Navy called for olds on 12,000 pounds of Navy plug, chewing tobacco, which will be opened at the New York Navy Yard March 30th. The specifications are very strict, and a simi-lar amount purchased last year cost 211cents per pound. Jack Tar is exceedingly fasticious about his chewing tobacco, which is highly sweetened and flavored. None of the ordinary commercial brands are acceptable on a man-of-war. Unus-ual care is taken in preparing Navy plug and it is only by purchasing it in large quantities that enlisted men can afford

Navigation Resumed. Marigation Resumed.

WINDSOR, N. C., Feb. 22.—Special.—
The February term of the Superior Court
adjourned yesterday. There were three
convictions for larceny and ten convictions for misdemeanors. Only one convict was sent to the penitentiary and
twelve to the county farm.

The steamer Bertie started this morning
for Plymouth. She has been moored at
her whar nearly two weeks, on account
of the ice.

Fire Under the Astor House.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.-Fire was discovered about 1 o'clock this morning in one of the stores under the Astor House mear the Brosdway entrance. The store was occupied by a shoe firm. The smoke from the fire permeated the corridors of the hotel, and caused some excitement among the guests. The engines, however, were quickly on the scene, and soon had the flames under control. The loss probably will be about \$10,000.

A Fugitive Surrenders.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Feb. 23.—E. M. Phelps walked into Sheriff Carver's office to-day and surrendered, declaring that last November he had defaulted and fled from San Augustin courty, Texas, of which he had been Treasurer for two terms. He got away with \$2,000, and was tired of begging for a living. He was rob-bed of all his stolen money at Jackson-

Newspaper Plant Burned, PRESCOTT, ARK., Feb. 23.-Fire, which originated in the Picayune office early this morning, destroyed one block of buildings in the business portion of the city. The entire plant of the newspaper is destroyed. Total loss, \$45,000; insurance less than \$6,000.

Missionaries for the Mosquitos.

ville, Fla.

WINSTON, N. C., Feb. 23.—Special.— Rev. Mr. Zlock and family, and Rev. Mr. Shubert and wife, of Germany, ar-rived here this morning to spend a few days with Moravian friends, in Salem. They are on their way to the Mosquito Coast, Central America, where they will do missionary work among the Indians.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The Georgia rail-road reports for January: Gross earnings, \$105,048, decrease \$11,734; expenses \$70,044; decrease \$6,772, and net \$35,654, decrease \$4,952

THE INNATES BOUND AND GAGGED.

The House Ransacked\_Money Stolen-An Inmate Wounded With a Wagon Spoke, Discovery and Release of the Victims.

ZANESVILLE, O., Feb. 23.-Six masked tobbers broke open the door of the residence of Miss Jane Momson, an aged spinster, seven miles north of this city. last night, using a fence rail as a battering ram. They tore up sheets and ound Miss Momson and Henry Bowers and wife to their beds, and gagged them. They searched the house, overturning everything, and secured \$200 in money, a certificate of deposit for a large sum, and a gold watch. Mr. Bowers, who offered resistance, was hit over the head with a wagon spoke, but not seriously hurt. a wagon spoke, but not seriously hurt. The burglars said they would post a notice at the gate, telling what they had done, in order that the prisoners might be released in the morning, but they failed to do so. Neighbors noted the absence of signs of life about the house, and, on making the investigation, discovered and released the victims.

RACES WELL ATTENDED.

A Slippery Track\_Two Jockeys Thrown and Badly Injured,

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Feb. 23 .- Despite the unfavorable conditions of the weather, the races were well attended to-day. The clouds in the foreneon betokened an early shower, and the races were run in a drizzle. The track was heavy and slippery from the thick mud. In the fourth race Jockeys Hill and McKnight had a narrow escape from being killed. Mc-Knight was on Woodruff and running fifth, when the horse slipped and fell to the ground, the jockey being thrown over his head, receiving painful, though not necessarily serious injuries. Hill had the mount on Redina, and his horse slipped after entering the stretch. The horse turned a complete somersault. The jockey's feet became losened from the stirrups, and he sailed over the horse's head in another somersault, landing on his shoulder in the thick mud of the track. He was then taken to his rooms, near the track, where a physician examined his injuries and reported a dislocation of the collar-bone was taken to the Charity Hospital in an

cmbulance. Summaries: First race-five furlorgs, selling.—Hol-lywood (192, A. Clayton, 8 to 1) first, Lagniappe second, Flush third, Time, 108 1-2.
Second race-seven (urlongs, selling.—
Francis Pope (105, R. Jones, 10 to a) first,
Jim Henry second, Contest third. Time,

Third race-six furlengs, purse.-Lud-Third face—Fix thresigs, purse.—Last-low (96, Frazier, 20 to 1) first, Arline sec-ond, Robert Latta third. Time, 1:23 1-2. Fourth race—five furlongs, handicap.— Tramp (106, H. Shileds, 2 to 1) first, Ben. Wilson second, Dr. Bill third. Time, Fifth race—one mile, selling.—Be and (104, H. Smedia 5 10) second, silve and White mid. Time.

THE SAME PROGRAMME.

Sullivan Continues His Spree While His Company Hust'es to Get Out of the City.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Feb. 23 .- John L. Sullivan is to-day repeating his programme of yesterday, and is now very much intoxicated and taking in the town in a carriage His company are still hustling to get out of the city, at a the crity arrangement so far made was the purchase of tickets to New York for the two children who travelled with the

This evening Sullivan's trunks, containing his wearing apparel, were seized, on attachments sworn out by Miss Viola Armstrong, a member of the defunct company, who claims Sullivan owes her

THE HOTSPRINGS BIG FIRE.

Searching for Unknown Dead\_Heart Ren-Searching for Urknown Dead-Heart Rending Scenes Witnessed.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., Feb. 23.—The ruins of yesterday's big fire are being removed as rapidly as possible, and a closs search is being made for the remains of any one who perished unknown to the firemen. The death list is now placed at four, and is as follows: Mrs. Mary Samonshi, seventy years old, who was living in the Ledgerwood building; D. W. Wing, of Glen's Falls, N. Y., who escaned the flames.

caped the flames.

The World's Cetton. The World's Cotton.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Total visible supply of cotton of the world is 4.25,045 bales, of which 4.496,845 bales are American; against 4.435,092 bales, and 3.965,892 bales respectively last year.

Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns, 58.110 bales, Receipts from plantatic 48, 72,280 bales. Crop in sight, 8.250,835 bales.

8,350,835 bales.

River Improvements.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.—The Senate Commerce Committee to-day favorably reported the bill of Mr. Gordon, of Georgia, to amend that section of the last river and harbor bill providing for the improvement of the outer bar at Brunswick, Ga., so as to widen the channel over the bar to 500 feet, and increase. nel over the bar to 500 feet, and increasing the depth to 25 feet.

Budget Passed.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—A Central News' dispatch from Tokio says: The Diet has unanimously passed the supplementary budget providing for extraordinary war expenses, the measure authorizing a loan of 3,000,000 pounds to the Corean Government, and the law authorizing the floating of the new national loan.

The Government Loan, NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—It is officially announced that the subscriptions to the Government loan in this country amount to nearly \$200,000,000. Notices of the allotment go out by this afternoon's mail.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—At the close of business on the Stock Exchange to-day the new United States loan was quoted at 5 3-4 premium.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22.—The President has vetoed the bill to incor-porate the Society of American Florists.

WEATHER FORECAST, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23.—For Virginia: Fair; variable winds. For North and South Carolina: Fair? slightly warmer; north winds, becoming

BANGE OF THE THERMOMETER. Following was the range of the thermometer at The Times office yesterday: 9 A. M., 39; 12 M., 51; 3 P. M., 40; 6 P. M., 46; 9 P. M., 37; midnight, 3L.